

The Adair County News

VOLUME XII

COLUMBIA, ADAIR COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1908.

NUMBER 2

THE GRADED SCHOOL QUESTION.

A Question of Much Importance To Each and Every Citizen of The Two Columbia Districts.

Some Reasons Why I Favor The Graded School in Our Town.

The question is before the citizens of the town now as to whether we will have a graded school or not. The vote is to be taken the 25th, inst., to decide the question. If I should view it from a financial and selfish view point I would vote against the measure, for the reason that I have no children here who could derive any benefit from it, neither grandchildren or kinpeople. So I do not see how it could benefit me in any way from any selfish standpoint. But feeling that every good citizen ought to look in deciding a question like this to the greatest good to the greatest number.

Our common schools can never accomplish in the town, much greater good than are now doing. Two teachers can't do justice to three hundred pupils in the school under any circumstance. There is not room enough in the two school buildings here to accommodate them all, if they should all attend. There will not be the present year perhaps more than 53 per cent of an average attendance, during the six months. So the State now pays eleven hundred dollars to the two teachers of Columbia for 100 pupils six months. It is not the fault of the teachers. It is the same all over the country, and has been for years.

The Graded School, will make a great change in this respect. There will be plenty of room provided in the graded school building to accommodate all the pupils in the district and plenty of teachers to them justice. Then the attendance will be greater because of these additional accommodations.

Then my observation and experience has been that when parents realize they are paying directly out of their pockets a part of the tuition for their children, they will take more interest in sending their children to school. The attendance, I feel safe in saying from the experience of other towns, will reach an average of 75 per cent.

By the system of the graded schools there will be created in the children an inspiration to do their best in passing the grades, and an ambition to excel each other in their attainment. When the graded school system is once in operation the population of our town will increase in a wholesome and healthy degree.

I say this because it is the experience of all the towns that have tried it. It will increase the business of the town, and the churches and Sunday schools will be greatly strengthened. There will be in the future a better citizenship, a higher moral standard, and a purer Christianity. I believe all these things will be true if we decide to have the graded school.

Then the Lindsey-Wilson school will be benefited by it if they will raise their standard to a collegiate course, and take pupils from the graded school through the higher branches. They will have the advantage now in favor of the country pupils in the rate of board and tuition and would hold their present advantage in cheaper attendance could be secured in town for the graded school.

Let every citizen consider well what the present opportunity means to the future upbuilding of the town. If we would keep pace with our neighboring towns, and with the demand for a higher and more universal education of the future generations we must avail ourselves of these modern and better advantages. Don't vote against the measure because of the little money it may cost you. We can't have advancement on any line without money. If you have plenty of money and no children, count it a God given privilege to help bear the burdens of others. "Bless ye one another burdens and so fulfill the law of Christ." Z. T. Williams.

A Voice From Monticello.

July 22nd, 1908.

Columbia, Ky.

Dear Sir:—Your letter in reference to the matter of a graded school has been received. Our school has now been in operation for three years and I think has been entirely satisfactory to all the patrons and I don't believe any body would be willing to go back to the old plan.

This year we had 113 pupils in the district which takes in a little more territory than the town. Our rate of taxation is 50c with \$1.00 tax and we collect on something over \$200,000. We have a bonded debt of \$10,000 for building and the interest on this is \$500 per year. These bonds were placed in

Chicago. We employ a principal and six other teachers and they have their hands full as the attendance has been large. The principal this year will be a new man at a salary of \$1,000 for the nine months, three of the other teachers will get \$50 per month and three \$35. When we started we had to employ teachers from a distance but this year we will have some home teachers and they can afford to work for less than the others.

I think our collections for tuition outside the district amounted to a little over \$200 last year. We received from the State \$1,450 and our tax collections were about \$4,000. I hope this information will be of service to you and will cover the ground. We also employ a janitor at \$30 per month. Our building is heated by furnaces and fuel costs about \$150 per year. I am,

Yours very truly,

W. L. Baker.

A Modest Expression.

In answer to the courtesy of the News of last week in offering its columns for a free discussion of the question of a Graded School for Columbia, we offer the following as our view of the matter.

If the establishment of such a school would be a good thing for Columbia, not some other town in Kentucky, but for Columbia, then let us have it, and the sooner the better. But if not good, then the promoters of the idea are wrong in urging a speedy decision of the matter, on the ground of a choice between a Graded School and a High School, when we may not have to have either. It is well known there is much opposition to the new school law passed by the last legislature and some eminent critics hold that it will be declared unconstitutional. At least there is a great probability that the law will be either repealed or radically changed. Two years were allowed. Then if a Graded school is not good for Columbia, let us wait and see what we have to do. If representatives of the State Normal schools had influence at Frankfort over legislation for the establishment of schools that would be largely tributary to themselves, and would tend to kill private schools, let us wait and see if they still have such influence.

The question is then, would a Graded School be a good or a bad thing for Columbia. The proposed increase in taxation would furnish money sufficient to pay a fair salary to not more than five teachers including a principal. The law requires that eight or ten grades be taught, not less than eight. This makes it expensive in curriculum with the Normal department of the Lindsey-Wilson, in which are enrolled the greater number of the pupils of that institution.

We believe that most of those who vote for the proposed school will do so with the best wishes for the Lindsey-Wilson, and with conviction that it is for the best interests of the town in general, influenced by no personal motive whatever.

But ask yourself the question, how many people of Columbia, at least for a few years under influence attendant upon the establishment of a new school, will pay three dollars a month when they can enter the same grade in our other school free of charge? Seriously cripple the Normal department of our school and you will render the continuance of the school in its present form extremely doubtful.

We do not want to discuss the question from a personal standpoint, but many people here believe that if you hurt L. W. T. S. you will hurt Columbia, and if you hurt Columbia, you will hurt for quite awhile. Last Friday he decided to reduce the number, as they used in his barn, damaging his hay. He notified several boys to get their guns and go to shooting. About thirty were killed, leaving about the same number.

On account of the long dry spell, a great many farmers in Adair county did not sow oats until last week. It was a little late for the sowing, but favorable conditions for now on will bring out a good crop.

The boys are having fine sport this week shooting quail, rabbits, etc. It is said that birds are not very plentiful, and are using in certain localities.

Born, to the wife of J. F. Neat, Wednesday, Nov. 9, 1908, a daughter, Willie Howard Taft.

Judge H. C. Baker opened the Cumberland circuit court at Burkesville last Monday.

does not to such a degree come in conflict with the public school course. Our school occupies a definite field but not just that one. The time is rapidly approaching in Kentucky, as it has already come in Tennessee, when all colleges, worthy of the name, will have an unalterable entrance requirement and when the requirements for the study of any profession will be so raised and so strictly adhered to that just the course we offer will be much in demand.

Just one other statement in the form of a question and this article will come to a close with the hope that all will be settled for the best interests of a Graded School in a town this size having a boarding department and is that not what helps a town?

Nelson & Moss.

Candidates Named.

The following persons will be voted for on Saturday Nov. 23, to become Trustees of the proposed Graded School. Six names will comprise the Board and the six getting the largest number of votes will be declared elected:

Gordon Montgomery.
W. D. Frazier.
C. S. Harris.
A. English.
M. Cravens.
Jno D. Lowe.
Paul Smith.
Geo A. Smith.

The graded school proposition was aired at the court-house last Saturday night. Judge H. C. Baker, Rev. J. R. Crawford, Ed. T. Williams and Hon. J. F. Montgomery spoke in favor of voting the tax; Hon. Jas. Garnett and Gov. J. R. Hindman spoke against it. The question is getting warm, but the voters who are in favor of the school seem to be in the majority.

The old time corn husking is a thing of the past. Many years ago when a farmer would announce that he was going to have a corn husking the danks in all the neighborhood would gather and march to the crib, and in their travel they would sing something like this: "Hae, Marse Billy, we have come to husk your corn, and after they would enter the crib, and after they would sing an hour "Mars Billy" would pass the decenter, all drinking. Then the work and singing would again commence, and would be kept up unceasingly, occasionally stopping for a "rip," and by two or three o'clock in the morning "Mars Billy's" corn crop had all husked, it matter not how many barrels.

The campaign for the cause of education in Kentucky will begin Sunday, November 29, and continue one week. Able educators will speak in nearly every county in the State. Prof. J. S. Dickie is billed for Adair county. He will be here Thursday, December 3rd, and will speak at Milltown in the forenoon, Columbia in the afternoon and Gradyville at night. An effort should be made to secure large audiences for the speaker.

Dr. J. N. Page is authority for the following: He says a few days ago a young man left town in a spring wagon in which was a very large box. He drove to a farm house a few miles out and was in the act of unloading when the old farmer came to the door and said: "Don't put that off here; I haven't a grain of oats." "It is not a grain," came the response: "it is your wife's hat."

The following farms have changed hands, the sales having been made last week: S. T. Hughes bought Wm. Bradshaw's farm, lying near Bliss, for \$3,150; a man named Head bought the Charley Herriford farm, in the same locality for \$1,200; Silas Cain sold Jo Hunter 150 acres of land, off the Hop Cheatham farm, for \$1,768.75.

Tame pigeons have been very numerous at the home of Mr. M. Cravens for quite awhile. Last Friday he decided to reduce the number, as they used in his barn, damaging his hay. He notified several boys to get their guns and go to shooting. About thirty were killed, leaving about the same number.

On account of the long dry spell, a great many farmers in Adair county did not sow oats until last week. It was a little late for the sowing, but favorable conditions for now on will bring out a good crop.

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AN INCIDENT OF THE WAR.

The Killing of Capt. John R. Curry By W. S. Long, in this place, September, 1864.

A DISPLAY OF GENUINE COURAGE.

In September, 1864, the population of Columbia was not more than one-third as large as it is at this time, and notwithstanding the war of the rebellion had not closed, its inhabitants were quiet, law abiding citizens.

Capt. John R. Curry at that time was stationed here with a company of Federal soldiers, and they were camped back of the Presbyterian College, but Curry resided at the hotel which was conducted by the late L. C. Winfrey, located on the corner and in the same building the Citizens Bank is now doing business.

Some time during the Summer months of 1864 Mr. W. S. Long, a young man 22 years old, reached Columbia, en route for Clinton county, his home. He had been a soldier in the Confederate army and had been in a Federal prison, having been taken a prisoner, but had been released after the influence of Col. Thos. E. Bramlette, who at that time was the Governor of Kentucky and a relative of Mr. Long.

When Long reached Columbia Mr. Alfred Gilmer, a merchant here, doing business on the corner now occupied by W. F. Jeffries & Sons, was needing a salesman. He knew the Long family and knew that the young man in question had been brought up in a store. He met him and an agreement was reached whereby he was to remain in Columbia and do business for him.

He and Long were together in the store but a short time until Capt. Curry took a dislike to him, it was believed, because Long had served in the Confederate army, and he was often heard making rough remarks about the young man.

In August, of that year, a young man named Ryne, who lived in Burkesville, and who served in the Confederate army, rode into Columbia, and went direct to Mr. Gilmer's store.

He and Long were together in the store; he was also captured, placed in the same prison with Long, and through Governor Bramlette's influence he was also released.

Capt. Curry on that day was very much under the influence of liquor and seeing Ryne go into the store, he buckled on his revolver and went over. He immediately commenced abusing Ryne for being a rebel, etc. Mr. Long said to Capt. Curry: "Captain, I rather you would not make any trouble in the store." Thereupon Curry became furious and wanted to kill Long, Lieut. Huddleston and one or two soldiers took hold of Curry, carried him to the hotel and put him there. The next morning he was sober, but he did not renew the trouble.

Just one month to the day from that time he got drunk, buckled on his revolver and went to Gilmer's store. Long was behind the counter. When Curry entered he walked up to the counter, facing Long, and said: "Mr. Long, have you anything against me?"

Long dropped his head for a second or two, raising it, and looking Curry in the eye, said: "I have got it."

"Captain, just one month ago you acted a scoundrel in this store," Curry's response was, "get your pistol; I have come over to kill you."

Long reached in the money drawer, picked up his revolver, pointing it at Curry's head, said: "I have got it."

The writer was in the store at the time and he is not certain whether it was Mr. Sine Welter, who was in the store, or Mr. Gilmer who said: "Billy don't shoot." By this time soldiers entered, and again carried Curry to the hotel.

In a few minutes a squad of soldiers entered the store, arrested Long and marched him to the corner where the post office is now located. While there, he was under arrest, Curry was being held by two soldiers, but making all manner of threats. Finally, a very large soldier, named Stuckey, who was from Tennessee, put his arms around Curry, drawing him close to his breast, and at the same time telling Long to get out of the way.

the meantime whirled, came hurriedly back and entered the stable from the front, just as Long entered from the rear. Long turned and came back to the fence and in jumping over it, Curry fired at him twice. Long ran on to the square and hallowed: "For God sake; some body bring me a revolver." Dr. S. K. Rhorer was selling drugs in a room just above where Triplett & Eubank are doing business, and hearing Long's cry, he ran out of his store, handed him a revolver, telling him to defend himself. Long turned, and as he did, Curry had reached the fence. Long fired twice, and evidently Curry received his death wound at this place for he ceased to fire, turned, went back through the lively stable, and at the same time Long walked down the pavement and took his stand on the pike half way between the hotel and the building which stood where the post office now is kept. Curry came on through the stable, and reaching the front, he fired at Long twice, the shots being returned by Long. When the firing ceased Long had yet one load remaining in his revolver. He cocked it, walked into the lively stable, and seeing Curry lying in the stable, stepped out and returned to the store.

Hon. George Alfred Caldwell was here at that time to see his sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Travis; and while the shooting was going on he was in his buggy and upon the square. After it was over he remarked that he had seen a great many brave men, but that Long displayed more courage than he ever before witnessed in any man.

It was war time, and Curry had at his back a hundred soldiers. Curry lived a day, but before he died he sent for Mr. Long, told him that he was to blame for the trouble; that he was going to die and asked that he forgive him. Long readily consented to the request, and in a short time Curry was dead.

In three or four days the civil authorities arraigned Mr. Long and he was tried and acquitted. Mr. Long now lives in Paris, Texas. When this killing occurred the writer was not a small boy, but he witnessed the affair from the beginning to the ending, and is satisfied that the narrative is told correctly.

Death of Mrs. Nancy J. Lowe.

The subject of this notice crossed the great divide Monday the 9th, inst., at the home of her son, Mr. Gid Lowe, Oakville, Tenn. She was the mother of Mr. J. D. Lowe, of this place, who reached the bedside of his parent before the end came. She was 78 years of age and her death was caused by diseases incident to old age. She was a lady highly respected for her many Christian virtues, and her demise not only brought sorrow to the surviving members of the family, but to every body in the community where she was so well known.

The News extended sympathy to the surviving members of the family.

The installing of a telephone line from here to Oakville is progressing as rapidly as the poles are planted. The poles are planted by Pittsford, Ky. Miller, met with an accident in making blasting necessary in getting the poles right along, and the line will be installed, there is no doubt, in a great-straight line, a great convenience to that hamlet and out.

Wm. H. C. Sandick, who sold his residence last week, to Mr. Green B. Smith, of this place, Dr. Dunbar gives the date of January, Dr. Green B. Smith, who was in Monticello, will occupy the Jeffries building.

Dr. O. S. Dunbar, who sold his residence last week, to Mr. Green B. Smith, of this place, Dr. Dunbar gives the date of January, Dr. Green B. Smith, who was in Monticello, will occupy the Jeffries building.

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Bault-Pike.

Mr. Albert Bault and Miss Clara Pike, who live on Green river, were married last Sunday afternoon, Rev. Wm. Dudgeon officiating. Quite a number of friends witnessed the ceremony.

Remember that the District School will be at the court-house Thursday night the 25th. There will be fun for all who will attend.

SURPRISED THE YOUNG FOLKS.

Mr. Bruce Montgomery and Miss Kate Walker Quietly Married Saturday Afternoon.

CEREMONY AT HOME OF REV. W. R. C. SANDIDGE.

Mr. Bruce Montgomery, Assistant cashier of the First National Bank, and a very elegant and popular gentleman, the third son of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Montgomery, and Miss Kate Walker, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Walker, one of Columbia's worthy and popular young ladies, have been lovers for many months, and it was generally believed among the young people that they were contemplating matrimony and that the event would occur in the near future.

A few days ago the young couple concluded that their marriage was a very quiet affair, there being no many friends.

Saturday morning the young parties invited their relatives for the coming event, and noon the intended bridegroom and his bride, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. C. Sandidge, were present, the minister pronouncing a beautiful ceremony.

After the rites had been solemnized Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery drove to the residence of the bride's parents near Gradyville, where they were happily received.

They returned to this place Sunday afternoon, and for the present will have rooms at the Columbia Hotel.

In testimony of the popularity of this young couple, they received many handsome and useful presents. The News extends its best wishes, praying that they may live to a good old age; that their love may never weaken, and as they go hand in hand down the stream of time, may prosperity attend them in all their undertakings.

Mr. H. T. Baker, who was operated on in Louisville last week for catarrhal trouble, reached Lebanon last Friday en route home. The operation was severe, followed by a considerable flow of blood. The weather being quite chilly, he stopped over in Lebanon in order to avoid taking cold. His sister, Miss Sallie went up to Lebanon Monday morning and will remain with her brother until conditions are favorable for his return. His condition is not alarming.

Mr. J. H. Judd and Mr. T. C. Davidson were in Casey county last week. Mr. Judd is the Deputy Collector for this district, and he had been notified that a party in Liberty was selling a decoction that would intoxicate. He secured a bottle of the drink and sent it to Washington where it will be analyzed, to learn the per cent. of alcohol contained therein.

Persons who are not hearing the series of sermons being preached by Rev. J. R. Crawford, at the Presbyterian church, are missing able discourses. The meeting will continue through this week. Come and bring your friends. There is not a more zealous nor a more able minister in all this section than the speaker.

There were six or seven additions to the Presbyterian church last Sunday. There were three or four daughters of Rev. J. R. Crawford, Mrs. Nathan Flowers, Mr. J. J. Biggs and Mr. Paul Hughes. The two latter received the ordinance of baptism. The others received by letters.

One of the strongest sermons we ever heard, the subject being "The operation of the Holy Spirit," was delivered by Rev. J. R. Crawford last Friday night. There were those present who did not believe God heard and answered prayer, they were certainly convinced.

There are now two auto surries running regular between Columbia and Campbellsville. One leaves Columbia at 10 a. m. and arrives at 11 o'clock at night. The other leaves at 3 a. m., arriving at 3 p. m.

The United Brethren people are now cutting logs which will be hauled to the mill and sawed into lumber for their use. They calculate to get all the material on the lot as quickly as possible.

Mr. C. H. Murrell reports a crowd at Greensburg Monday, during circuit court. Candidates for the coming election in that jurisdiction, made speeches.

A CALL

The Democrats of Adair county are called to meet at the voting places in their respective precincts on the third Saturday in November 1908, which is the 21st day, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Democratic Committeeman in each of said precincts. The following persons are authorized to call the meeting to order in their precincts, after which the Democrats will proceed to elect a Committeeman:

Roley precinct, Emmet Goode; Pellyton precinct, J. C. Pelley; Little Cake precinct, Ben T. Evans; White Oak precinct, Irvin Blair; Glenville precinct, Ed Johnson; Harmony precinct, F. A. Lewis; Elroy precinct, R. L. Campbell; Gradyville precinct, Wilmore; Keltner precinct, W. Shirley; Cohe precinct, E. B. Atkinson; Columbia precinct, W. A. Hum; Montgomery, and East Columbia precinct, C. S. Harris.

All the above named gentlemen are now the Committeemen of their respective precincts except in Pellyton, Little Cake, East Columbia, Gradyville and Egypt, in which the office of Committeeman has become vacant. All Democrats are requested to attend the meetings. The persons who are elected, as Committeemen at the above mentioned date, are called to meet at the Court-house, in Columbia, Ky., on the following Monday, November 23rd, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Chairman and Secretary of said Committee.

GORDON MONTGOMERY,
Chairman

When Hate is Met With Hate.

How little we realize when we hurl thunderbolts of hatred toward another that these terrible thought shafts always come back and wound the sender, that all the hateful, revengeful bitter thoughts intended for another are great javelins hurled at ourselves.

How many people go through life lacerated and bleeding from these thrusts which were intended for others.

Think of what people who refuse to speak to another, because of some fancied grievance or wrong, are really doing to themselves! How this venom intended for another poisons their own minds and cripples their efficiency.

A kindly feeling, a feeling of good will toward another, is our best protection against bitter hatred or injurious thoughts of any kind. Nothing can penetrate the love shield, the good will shield. We are unharmed behind that.

It does not matter what feelings of revenge and jealousy a person may have toward us, if we have the love thought, the charitable thought toward him, his javelins of hate will glance from us, fly back and wound only himself.

How easily, beautifully and how easily some people go through life with very little to jar them, to disturb their equanimity, to have no discord in their lives because their natures are

harmonious and everybody loves them. They have no enemies, hence little suffering or trouble. Others, with ugly, crabbed, cross-grained dispositions, are always in hot water. They are always misunderstood. People are constantly hurting them. They generate discord because they are discordant themselves.

The Finest Railway Train India.

The American has long been taught, and perhaps rigidly so, that the United States is the real home of the railroad, but a passenger train has just been placed in service in India by the side of which the finest passenger train in this country would not have the advantage, as far as comforts for travelers are concerned.

Chief among the special features of this train, which runs between Calcutta and Bombay, are the bath rooms. There are three of these in each first-class coach, or corridor saloon, as they are called. The tops of the basins are almost on a level with the floor and are provided with hinged covers to keep out dust and dirt. The floors are tiled with unglazed encaustic tiles and the sides are paneled to the window sills with glazed sanitary tiles of dark shade.

The train consists of two composite baggage and third-class coaches, three first-class corridor saloons and a dining car. The first-class coaches are sixty-three feet long, ten feet wide, and nine feet high. Each car is divided off into four compartments with four berths in each, and additional stateroom at one end. The seats and berths are upholstered in dark-green morocco. At intervals throughout the entire train are electric fans which keep the air in circulation.—Popular Mechanics.

An Object Lesson.

Up to close of October, 1906 hds. of 1908 crop Burley had been sold at an average of \$14.55. On the corresponding date in 1907 14 hds. of 1908 crop burley had been sold at an average of \$11.15. On the corresponding date in 1906, 29 hds. of 1907 crop burley had been sold at an average of \$6.83.

These figures contain some "food for thought" as to what the Burley Growers' Society has done for the growers. We can see why to all of the growers, the Society is a "blessing in disguise." The Burley Growers' Society are Burley Growers and the members are around the growers if you have any doubts. Home Journal.

The probable cause of the initial cabinet of Secretary Taft: Secretary Taft's Root, of New York, Secretary of the Treasury, Von Lengerke, of Massachusetts. Secretary of the Navy—William Loeb, Jr., of New York. Secretary of the Interior—James Rudolph Garfield, of Ohio. Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson, of Iowa. Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Oscar S. Straus, of New York.

Fruit is Best Medicine.

Here are the prescriptions of a celebrated physician: Eat fruit for breakfast, for dinner, for supper. Shun hot rolls, hot biscuits and buttered toast. Eat wholewheat bread. Refuse rice-pudding. Decline potatoes if they are served more than once a day. Do not drink too much coffee or tea and very little beer and whisky. Walk several miles every day in summer and every other day in winter. Brush the teeth and wash the face in warm water every night before retiring. Sleep eight hours. Here are the fruits to be eaten. Apples, grapes and bananas at any time, day or night, but not too many at a time. These are the three most healthful fruits and the habitual eater will require no medicine. Peaches are good for the clearing of a muddy complexion. Pears are healthful raw, but better when cooked. Strawberries are good for rheumatism. Oranges are good for dyspepsia, but Pineapples are even better. Lemons are fine tonic and a few drops squeezed into half a wine glass of water each morning or night will act more beneficially on the system than purgative pills or salts.

To Tell The Age of A Sheep.

The age of sheep is very easily shown by examination of the teeth. A lamb has the first pair of permanent front teeth when about ten months old; the second pair appears at about eighteen months; the third pair at twenty-eight months. When the whole of the permanent front teeth have appeared the sheep is in its 4th year. The Merino matures its teeth later than the other breeds; the Costwold and Southdown and other highly improved mutation sheep are some months ahead of a Merino, but at four years every sheep has its full mouth of teeth. Later the age is known by the appearance of the teeth, which gradually lose their sharp edges and becomes worn down smooth. A healthy sheep will keep its teeth until ten or twelve years old, if the pasture is not unusually bare and the soil sandy so as to wear the teeth excessively.—Ex.

Material For Hats.

Felt is seen occasionally, but the hat of the moment is of setin, ottoman or cloth.

Ottoman is more to the front than for years and velvet is often covered with folds of mousseline of the same shade.

"Sombre" is the motto of the millinerial season and there are more dark hats seen than for a decade.

Plumes, wings and aigrettes are demi-tones of blue, green, purple and other serious shades.

Nile green and non-committal shade known as aubergine, or egg plant, are finding favor and from a combination almost universally becoming.

Karl Buff used and all tones of yellow are in vogue for the late hats, and, although a little too brazen by themselves, are effective when toned down by another color.

Silage vs. Grain Feed.

The Ohio Experiment Station has been carrying on several investigations to determine to what

extent silage may be made to take the place of grain in feeding dairy cattle. Two rations were fed, carrying practically the same amount of day matter.

In one ration over fifty per cent, of this dry matter was derived from silage. In the other ration over fifty-seven per cent. of the dry matter was derived from grain, no silage being fed.

The cows fed with the silage ration produced 9.67 pounds of milk and 5.08 pounds of butter fat per 100 pounds of dry matter.

The cows fed on the grain ration produced 81.3 pounds of milk and 3.9 pounds of butter fat per 100 pounds of dry matter.

The cost of feed per 100 pounds of milk was 68.7 cents with the silage ration, and \$1.06 with the grain ration.

The cost of feed per one pound of butter fat was 13.1 cents with the silage ration, and 22.1 cents with the grain ration.

The average net profit per cow per month (over cost of labor) was \$5.86 with the silage ration, and \$2.56 with the grain ration.

New Governors Elected.

Colorado, George Shafroth, Dem.

Connecticut, George F. Lile, Rep.

Delaware, Simeon S. Pennewill, Rep.

Florida, Albert W. Gilchrist, Dem.

Idaho, James H. Brady, Rep.

Illinois, *Charles S. Deenen, Rep.

Iowa, B. F. Carroll, Rep.

Indiana, Thomas R. Marshall, Dem.

Kansas, W. R. Stubbs, Rep.

Massachusetts, Eben S. Draper, Rep.

Michigan, Fred M. Warner, Rep.

Missouri, Herbert S. Hadley, Rep.

Montana, Edwin Norris, Dem.

Minnesota, *John A. Johnston, Dem.

Nebraska, A. C. Shallenberger, Dem.

New Hampshire, Henry B. Quincy, Rep.

New York, *Charles E. Van Hughes, Rep.

North Carolina, W. W. Kitchen, Dem.

Ohio, Judson Harmon, Dem.

Rhode Island, Aaron J. Potter, Rep.

South Carolina, *Martin F. Ansel, Dem.

South Dakota, Robert S. Veasey, Rep.

Tennessee, *M. F. Patterson, Dem.

Texas, *Thomas M. Campbell, Dem.

Utah, William Spry, Rep.

Washington, Samuel G. Cosgrove, Rep.

West Virginia, W. E. Glasscock, Rep.

Wisconsin, *James O. Davidson, Rep.

*Re-elected.

Notice To Taxpayers.

All taxes that are unpaid on December 1, 1908, are subject to the penalty and cost as fixed by law.

You have had ample time and due notice in which to fix this; and all persons who have not paid before above date, need not expect to be called on but one time for this tax and if not paid upon demand a levy and sale will immediately follow, it matters not who you are. (50-14) W. B. Patterson, Sheriff.

Everything Guaranteed

I Sell all kinds of Preparatory Remedies, Extracts, Spices, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, including Barber Supplies, Stock and Poultry Food.

Everything is sold under A POSITIVE GUARANTEE by The J. R. Watkins Medical Co., Winno, Minn.

Call and get my prices on the goods that I handle. You can see me on the road, or at my residence, on Frazier Ave., Columbia, Ky.

M. E. Jones

IT IS MONEY TO YOU IF YOU BUY AT THE RIGHT PLACE

See my Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Produce Wanted

W. L. SIMMONS

HUMBLE

KENTUCKY

J. E. Snow.

J. C. Popplewell.

A CAR EACH OF

Buggies, Wagons, and Fertilizer

Just Received

Give us a call. See our Ball Bearing Buggies, and get our prices on all grades before buying elsewhere. Our Business Motto:

"Quick Sales and Short Profits."

Snow & Popplewell,

DEALERS IN

General Merchandise

and Undertaker Goods

Russell Springs

Kentucky

JOHN A. HOBSON

GREENSBURG, KENTUCKY

Has Enough

Pionier Wire Fence

to fence in Green and Adair counties.

The Stay wires on this fence are so attached that they can't slip on the Line Wires. The Harder You Pull the Tighter it Gets.

ENOUGH

Poultry Netting

to fence an Acre Chicken Yard on every farm in the two counties, and don't forget the 97 kinds of Wall Paper advertised in recent issues of The News.

FRANK CORCORAN

High-Grade
Marble & Granite

Cemetery work
of all kinds...

See US before
you buy....

Trade from Adair and adjoining counties
solicited

Main Street,

Lebanon, Ky.

HUBBUCH BROS.

524, 526, & 528 WEST MARKET STREET

LOUISVILLE'S

CARPET AND RUG STORE

Offers

The public a selection so broad and varied that every taste and every purse can be thoroughly satisfied. Our buying power is effectively demonstrated by the fact that manufacturers in need of funds appeal, at all times, first to the biggest and most prominent store—We get the best and choicest always.

Visitors Always Welcome.

Correspondence Solicited.

U. G. HARDY, V. Pres. J. H. COCKE, V. Pres. R. H. DIETZMAN, Sec.

W. T. Pyne Mill & Supply Co.

ESTABLISHED 1861—INCORPORATED 1889

MILLWRIGHTS & MACHINISTS

DEALERS IN

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS.

GRIST MILLS, FEED MILLS

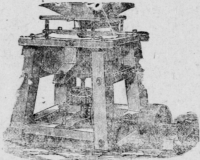
1301 THIRTEENTH MAIN, LOUISVILLE

SMOKE STACKS,

Sheet Iron and Tank Work

JOBING WORK SOLICITED

All Kinds of Machinery Repaired



The Louisville Trust Company

Southwest Corner
Fifth and Market

LOUISVILLE

Organized under a special charter for the safe keeping of valuables of every kind and description, and the transaction of a general trust business, is authorized to act in any part of the State as Executor, Administrator, Trustee, Guardian, Assignee, Receiver, and to fill every position of trust that can be held by an individual.

It accepts and executes trusts of varied character, and its fair, impartial and profitable management is guaranteed by its large assets, its corporate property, its magnificent fireproof office building and its great financial strength.

A Big Lot of

New Millet Seed and Cow Peas

Brown Cultivators.

The Empire Corn Drill, with cut-off.

A Car-Load of Milburn Wagons.

Buggies and nice Buggy Harness.

Also, a complete line of Farm Implements.

J. H. Phelps,

Jamestown, Kentucky.

KIMBLE HOTEL

J. W. KIMBLE, PROPRIETOR

GOOD ROOMS

\$1.00 PER DAY

GOOD BEDS

SAMPLE ROOM FREE

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE IN CONNECTION

RUSSELL SPRINGS, KENTUCKY

Racing Notes.

Over in England the American yearlings recently sold at auction have made a favorable impression. English experts who have inspected them are praising the breeding industry in this country. In regard to this matter the London Sporting Life says:

"At Newmarket this year 119 American-bred yearlings have been sold under the hammer. They have realized an aggregate of 19,055 guineas. Pregnant facts these: facts that are not calculated to afford much consolation to some of our public breeders. The less so, because it is almost certain that if a similar number of English bred yearlings of the same class had been offered they would not have made so much money. And why not?"

"Buyers over here know so little of the qualifications of American sires that they have had to assess the yearlings sent over here at their face value. It is only rarely that they can be induced to adopt that course when the subject is a home bred animal. Instead they are influenced and prejudiced by their knowledge of the sire's family, or the dam's family; and so it frequently happens that a yearling does not make his real market value. But there is no doubt, another cause for the ready sale these American yearlings have had. The soundness of their legs and feet and their excellent condition generally have been the subject of favorable comment. In these respects they have surpassed the English yearlings we are in the habit of seeing."

The Chicago Stock Law

The International Live Stock Exposition held this year from November 28th to December 10th, is the supreme court of the year's prize winners, justly styled the show of champions, the show within whose portals the bluest blood of the bovine, ovine and porcine families struggles for supremacy, the exposition whose educational value cannot be over-estimated.

Here the foremost breeders, who, by constant study, mutual contact, observation and comparison, have succeeded in producing the best, are giving the world the benefit of their labors. Here the breeder and feeder are shown by actual block demonstration by what methods their work can be made more profitable, and the kind of animals the butcher wishes them to supply. These and the many other object lessons that can only be learned by a visit to this great exposition make a visit to the "International" a paying investment and a part of the training of every progressive farmer, feeder and breeder.

Horses In United States.

Illinois leads all the other States in the number of horses with 1,591,000, the estimated value of which is \$170,237,000, an average value 107 per head.

Iowa is second in rank with 1,419,000, valued at 140,481,000, an average of \$109 per head.

Texas is third in rank with 1,278,000, valued at \$88,070,000, an average of \$66 per head.

Kansas ranks fourth with 1,709,000 animals, valued at \$96,

396,000, an average of \$87 per head.

Nebraska ranks next in point of number with 1,015,000, value at \$88,305,000 average price per head \$87.

None of the other States reaches the million mark in number. Ohio comes nearest to it with 949,000, valued at \$105,339,000, an average of \$110 per head.

California has 396,000 head of horses valued at \$94 per head.

The State which has the smallest number and the highest average value is Rhode Island, with 14,000 valued at \$1,694,000, an average of \$121 per head. The other States in which the average value is one hundred dollars or upward are Connecticut and South Carolina, average value \$118 per head; Pennsylvania, average \$114; New York and New Jersey, \$113; Massachusetts and Ohio, average \$111; Illinois and North Carolina, \$107; Maine, 106; Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin, \$105; Florida, \$104; New Hampshire and Vermont, \$101. The State in which the animals are valued lowest is New Mexico, the average there being but \$42.

Paper From Cornstalks.

According to a Washington dispatch printed in yesterday's issue, the chemists of the department of agriculture believe they have solved the problem of cheaper paper that will dispense altogether with the use of wood fiber. The new material, from which five grades of paper already have been made, is the ordinary cornstalk, and the officials predict when the manufacture of the new kind of paper is stated on large scale it will be at least 50 per cent. cheaper than the print paper now made from wood pulp.

Let us all join hands and hope that this shall come to pass. Surely the world would profit from such a discovery. The present source of print paper is the spruce tree, which has been taken charge of by the trust. The trust says that the raw material is becoming so scarce that it has been necessary to raise the price. There is some doubt about this among a number of people who have to deal with the trust, and a congressional investigation is now in progress with a view to placing wood pulp on the free list. Now if cornstalks can be used in making paper, the trust will be put out of business and the paper problem will settle itself.—St. Joe News.

The editor sees fraud and hypocrisy practiced by all classes of people; he sees people who claim to be upon the sanctified road to Heaven lie about their moneys and credits and cheat lone widows and orphans out of their scanty earnings; he sees men who hold their heads high in the community as public spirited citizens, scheme and prowl about to get some mean advantage of a fellow citizen; he sees men who take sacred oaths as officials and disregard and trample beneath their feet every profession and obligation contained therein. All these the editor sees in his rounds and more, too. But, thanks be to the great King of the Universe, he sees along with these great and good men of God; saintly mothers, and young people who dare to do the right. We are traveling to a world we know not where, Shall

we follow in the foot-steps of the first named? or shall we seek the good and follow in the straight and narrow path that leads to that eternal Home beyond the skies?—Jeffersonian.

Feeding Silage.

When judiciously used silage can be fed with advantage to all classes of farm animals.

Silage should not be fed as an exclusive coarse feed, but always in connection with some dry roughage. The nearer the maturity the forage is cut for the silo, the more silage may safely be fed, but it is always well to avoid feeding it excessively.

The difference in the chemical composition and digestibility of the same forage green, dried, and in the form of silage, is very slight and the relative feeding value of the different forms is dependent chiefly upon their palatability and physical effect. Silage is usually more palatable to animals than dry feeds and it acts as a mild laxative and keeps the digestive system in better condition than is usual with most dry feeds. Silage, green soiling feeds, and pastures seem to keep the digestive system in about the same condition.

Just For Fun.

An amusing story is told of an Irish poultry keeper. He fed a great deal of corn meal, and a surprised traveling man advised Pat to mix sawdust with the meal, insisting that the hens would not like the difference.

A few months later the traveling man again saw Pat and asked him how the new ration worked. "Fine," was the reply. "See that old yellow hen? Well, I tried her on half and half and she seemed to like it so well I changed it to all sawdust, and the last time she hatched, three of the chicks had wooden legs and the fourth was a wood-pecker."

Mr. George and Miss Emma Atchison section, eloped to Jeff. They were groom failing to trip ticket before journey and nation of their life for the b. his haste had behind found the land without money to purchase ticket. trip home, to give and fond parents condition of affair forwarded the Tuesday night Enquirer.

President Roosevelt in preparing message to Congress expected that his recommendations would be amendments to the trust act, an increase in the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission and a greater navy. The tariff question, it is believed, he will leave for his successor.

FOR SALE.—Two bird dogs. They are good ones. Apply to Luther Chapman, Garlin Ky.

The Man Who Knows It All.

You meet him on the housetop, you meet him on the street, along the winding pathway you hear his princely feet; you find him in the cottage in hovel hut and hall; you hear his voice forever—the man who knows it all. And would you think of music, if that is near your heart? Or would you as a critic, discourse of ancient art? A voice will interrupt you, and o'er you cast a pall, the voice of that wise being—the man who knows it all. Perchance you may have journeyed leagues away from home; have seen the sights of Athens, the seven hills of Rome; don't tell your strange adventures, when neighbors on you call, for there will be among them the man who knows it all. And would you tell a story of a merry you quaff, a little anecdote, to make your laugh, then-shun the ed stranger who leant against the wall, he is the villian, the man who knows it all. When in the smoulders, where Satan roods in ire, we hand our parquet tickets to plunge into the fire, above the walls of sorrow we'll hear one frantic call, the shriek of that vile sinner, the man who knows it all.—Atchison Globe.

Market the surplus cockerels. When pullets and eggs are the aim of the poultryman he cannot afford to keep many young male birds beyond a pound and a half in weight. Sell the cockerels and devote all your attention to the maturing of the females—the egg machines that grind out the profits when eggs are at top notch prices.

There should be a good egg harvest on the farms where there is so much waste rich milk. The first new milk the cows give before it becomes fit for table use, abounds in egg-making qualities, and is nearly as good as so much fresh meat, and will not hurt the fowls.

Public Sale.

On Thursday the 19th, I will sell all my personal property consisting of brood mares, young horses, good span of 5 year old mules, all farm machinery, household and kitchen furniture, 14 head of cattle and some hogs. Sale at my residence 2 miles from Columbia on Somerset road.

J. S. Naylor.

Women Inclined to Constipation

Women, owing to their peculiar functions, are prone to constipation, and many of their other ills are due to this congestion in the bowels which fills the blood with impure matter that permeates the entire system. In most cases foul breath, bad complexion, sick headache and such like ills are primarily caused by constipation or indigestion.

Women should be happy to learn of a remedy that cures constipation and indigestion, and that has such other ingredients as purify the blood and tone up the digestive system. This can be bought at any drug store, or you can buy it direct from the manufacturer. For themselves with this remedy for women, 14 head of cattle and some hogs. Sale at my residence 2 miles from Columbia on Somerset road.

These writings by Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin have been translated into many languages, and are now being translated into Chinese. This offer is to prove that the world will do as we say, and not as we think. So for if it is you have any symptoms of constipation, liver trouble, get more effective laxative for children, women and old folks. A guaranteed CURE. PUBLIC VERDICT: "We Lavette St. Good and Sons in St. Louis, Mo. have analyzed and found Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin to be pure and of the highest quality." 110 Caldwell Bldg., Monticello, Ill.

A SPIRIT OF CONFIDENCE

Finds Expression In Firm Tone of Stock Market.

INDEX OF OFFICIAL OPINION

Approach of the National Elections Affected the Market, Owing to the Fact That This Event Has Been Looked Forward to as Marking a Definite Period of Repression and Withholding of Orders in All Departments of Industry, Which Would Be Released for Execution.

New York, Nov. 2.—A spirit of confidence in the present and hopefulness for the future was present in the financial district last week and found its expression in the firm undertone of the market. The action of that day was the result of the fact that the market had been forward to as marking a definite period of repression and withholding of orders in all departments of industry, which would be released for execution.

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THE AEROPLANE'S TRY-OUT

Henry Farman the First to Put It to Practical Use.

Moutremelon, France, Nov. 3.—Henry Farman, for the first time, gave a practical demonstration of the possibilities of the aeroplane by flying direct from this place to Rheims, a distance of twenty miles, without mishap. The time of flight was twenty minutes and the height reached was between 120 and 150 feet. The course was literally as the crow flies, over trees, fields and streams.

Automobile Ballooning.

Indianapolis, Nov. 3.—Carl Fisher, a local automobile enthusiast, made a balloon ascension here late yesterday afternoon with an automobile substituted for the traditional basket. The auto contained besides Mr. Fisher, a professional aeronaut. The novel spectacle attracted much attention as the big gas bag with its automobile pendant floated lazily over the city and traveled to the southeast. The descent was safely made near Southport and the two men returned to the city in the automobile, which they detached from the gas bag.

DENIED JURY TRIAL ON THE CANAL ZONE

Defendant Now Appeals to the Supreme Court.

Washington, Nov. 3.—The question whether the constitution of the United States applies in criminal cases in the Panama canal zone is involved in the case of Adolphus Coulton in which Solicitor General Hoyt has presented a motion to advance to the supreme court of the United States. Coulton is under sentence of death on the charge of murdering his wife, and he appealed to the supreme court on the ground that he was denied a jury trial, which he asserts is contrary to the constitution of the United States. In presenting his motion for dismissal, Solicitor General Hoyt took the ground that the constitutional provisions do not extend to territory possessing such status as that of the canal zone.

CONCLUDING ARGUMENTS

Summing Up Being Made Today in Celebrated Bank Case.

New York, Nov. 3.—Concluding arguments are being made today in the cases of Charles W. Morse and Alfred Curtis, former officials of the National Bank of North America, on trial in the United States court here, charged with violation of the national banking laws. The cases for Morse and Curtis began the final moves in the case by securing the dismissals of the counts in the indictment against the summing up for the defense process. Charles E. Littlefield addressed the jury in behalf of Morse and Curtis. He was followed by the district attorney, William M. O. O'Connell, who presented the case for the government.

RECORD BROKEN AT THE SALOONS

Record Broken Sunday.

New York, Nov. 3.—"Billy" Sullivan, evangelist, has been breaking records here. In two days he has received \$75,000. He started to take the third day off, but the evangelist came and stopped the record. The evangelist was followed by the district attorney, William M. O. O'Connell, who presented the case for the government.

NEW GRAVE

David Clancy, Stricken by the Open Grave.

New York, Nov. 3.—David Clancy, a man who was stricken by the open grave, was buried yesterday. He was a man who was stricken by the open grave, and he was buried yesterday.

JURY ACQUITS WHITMORE

Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 3.—After being out two hours, the jury in the case of Theodore Whitmore, on trial for the murder of his wife, whose battered body was found on Dec. 24 of last year in a swamp near Harrison, N. J., returned a verdict of not guilty. Whitmore's defense was an alibi.

Home Treatment

J-20

Missionary Institute.

The following is the program for the Missionary Institute to be held at French Valley Church November 24th and 26th, 1908:

Nov. 24th, 7 p. m., preaching, J. H. Walker.

Nov. 25th, 9 a. m., Devotional, J. F. Black.

9:30 a. m., Missionary a Divine Enterprise, J. L. Murrell.

10 a. m., Missionary Heroes and Heroines, W. F. Hogard.

SONG SERVICES

11 a. m., Preaching, A. R. Kasey.

DINNER.

1 p. m., Devotional, J. T. Sullivan.

1:30 p. m., Systematic and Proportionate giving, Emery Pennyfunt.

2:15 p. m., The Layman's Movement, General discussion, led by F. R. Winfrey.

7 p. m., Preaching, R. L. Tally.

T. L. Hulise,

Presiding Elder.

The Apple Crop of 1908.

Twenty-five million barrels, or 62,500,000 bushels, is the estimated yield of apples this season, according to reports received by Harry J. Neely, Secretary of the National Apple Show of Spokane, from 15,000 growers operating in the various belts in the Union.

The returns show that while drouths, excessive rains or pests wrought havoc in many districts in the Middle, Western, Eastern and several Southern States, the entire crop is fully as large as in 1907, and it is better distributed. Prices also are higher than last year. However, the domestic supply is smaller than at any time since 1895, for the reason that the demands of the export trade are heavier and increasing yearly.

Reports from a majority of the growers indicate that the condition of summer and fall apples is the best, but that in numerous districts the winter varieties are not up to the standard. This, it is stated, is true in Maryland, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana and Arkansas, while Massachusetts will harvest less than a 50 per cent. crop. Connecticut, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont report as much fruit as in 1907, but the crop in Maine will be smaller than it was last year. However, the quality is fair in most of the districts.

While the yield in Niagara belt is reported to be holding up well, the State of New York as a whole will not produce more than 50 per cent. of its normal crop. The cause assigned for this being heavy rains and lack of spraying at the proper time. The crop in New Jersey is fair. Reports from Ohio give estimates ranging from 20 per cent. of a full crop to 75

You naturally would prefer to treat yourself at home, for any form of female trouble, wouldn't you? Well, it can be done. No reason why you should not be able to relieve or cure your suffering, as thousands of other women have done, by proper use of the Cardui Home Treatment. Begin by taking

Wine of Cardui

the well-known female tonic. For sale at all drug stores.

Joe Moorhead, of Archibald, I. T., writes: "My wife had suffered for years from female trouble. On your advice, I gave her the Cardui Home Treatment, and now she hardly suffers at all." Sold by druggists.

WRITE US A LETTER

Write today for a free copy of valuable 64-page Illustrated Book for Women. On ALLISON, describe your symptoms, stating age, and you will be sent in plain sealed envelope. Address: Ladies Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Fifth Avenue Hotel,

PIKE CAMPBELL, MGR.

Refurnished, Redecorated, and Remodeled. A First-class Hotel at Popular Prices. Convenient to Wholesale and Retail Districts, Churches and Theaters.

"FIFTH AVENUE" LOUISVILLE.

FIFTH AVENUE, BET GREEN AND WALNUT STREETS.

Louisville, - - - Kentucky.

Fertilizing the Garden.

There is no better way to fertilize the garden than to haul fresh manure from the stable and spread over the surface during the winter. Contrary to the common belief, there is never a time when manure is so rich in plant food as the day it is made, and the sooner after that it can be got to the place where it is to be used, the more value it will add to the soil.

It is almost impossible to put too much manure on a garden. If put a foot thick on the surface it will reach so much more plant food into the soil, and by plowing time, the following spring, will be settled down until it can be plowed under to furnish humus for the betterment of the physical conditions of the soil.

Wood ashes make an excellent fertilizer for the garden, but it should be saved and applied on top of the soil after it is plowed in the spring, as potash is one of the plant foods that may be washed too deeply into the soil to be reached by the roots of the garden plants, many of which are shallow-rooted.

Mind your Business.

If you don't nobody will. It is your business to keep out of all the trouble you can and you can and keep out of liver and bowel trouble. If you take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They keep biliousness, malaria and jaundice out of your system. 25c. at Paull's drugstore.

Ben Johnston.

It was a great victory for Hon. Ben Johnston, and while he was redeeming Kentucky for the Democratic party, his friends in the Fourth District were at work to make his majority in his own race for Congress a testimonial of their appreciation of his services. And how well they succeeded is shown by the vote in each county in this district. In every county in this district, the national ticket, and noticeably in his own county of Nelson his majority was over 300 in advance of the presidential electors. If the people of Kentucky knew Mr. Johnston like his home people know him he could get any thing he wanted in the State. He has been spoken of as the next Democratic candidate for Governor and if three years hence he is Democracy's standard bearer, he will be elected by

an overwhelming majority. Lebanon Falcon.

How to Make Hogs Pay.

It is hard on a growing pig to wean him suddenly without feeding him something to tempt his appetite.

It is after all more our mission to keep our hogs healthy than to allow them to keep themselves in that condition.

We should keep the hogs close company, study their habits and their requirements, and then cater to them. Add to this humane treatment and we have solved the whole problem. Mud is not a good thing to feed pigs in; dust is worse. Both should be avoided as much as possible.

Do not allow the larger pigs to crowd the smaller ones at feeding time. A short nose is good, but a long body is better. We believe that one-half the men who feed hogs waste at least 25 per cent. of all the food they use. Never let a pig go over six weeks without castration. Do not make the mistake of experimenting with too many breeds. Select a standard for what you want to raise and then stick.

Pick out the gilts that are to be used for breeding and give them extra feed and attention. We do not want bone in the pigs that go to market, but fat. Feed for fat, then. But for breeding we must feed for bone and general development. Shorts, ground peas or beans with a little corn, together with skim milk when possible, are the best feeds for growth, and an exclusive corn diet is the poorest. Pigs will fatten rapidly when fed corn alone, but the fattening will be at the expense of health and growth. —Drovers' Journal.

Seven Years of Proof.

"I have had seven years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best medicine to take for coughs and colds and for every diseased condition of throat, chest or lungs," says W. V. Henry, of Panama, Mo. "The world has had thirty-eight years of proof that Dr. King's New Discovery is the best remedy for coughs and colds, la grippe, asthma, hay fever, bronchitis, hemorrhage of the lungs, and the early stages of consumption. Its timely use always prevents the development of pneumonia. Sold under guarantee at Paull's drug store. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free."

WANTED—Live, Red and Gray foxes. Will pay \$1.25 \$2.00 each and express charges.

W. T. Hodgen, Box 232, Campbellsville, Ky.

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Greensburg :: Kentucky

IS NOW OFFERING A CAR LOAD EACH

**Studebaker
Birdsell
Milburn**

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A car load of

Oliver Chilled Plows

A car load of

Disc Harrows

A car load of

**Cultivators, Corn Planters, and
One-Horse Corn Drills.**

Will have the greatest and finest display of Buggies and other Vehicles ever shown in this Green River Country, ready for Spring trade.

LIME, SALT, AND CEMENT
A SPECIAL LINE.

Will deliver any kind of Farm Implements at any station on the L. & N. R. R.

Woodson Lewis
The Merchant Greensburg, Ky.
Mail orders promptly attended to

**EXCLUSIVE
SASH and
DOOR HOUSE**

is what we are

confining our attention to Sash and Doors we are enabled to carry a larger stock and a better selection than any other house in the South.

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OSTEOPATHY**

Columbia, Kentucky.

Break Your Back -

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Write for prices on

**"New Way Gas-
oline Engines"**

Address Dept. "A"
Care of

Bros., Louisville, Ky

are below Des Moines Hotel. Phone: Cumh. 107-A. Home 2107

ATTENTION.

A Call For a Vote on the Graded School Proposition.

Kentucky, Adair County, Sect.
Adair County Court,

Oct. term, Oct. 5th, 1908.

Present, Hon. Junius Hancock, Judge. This day the petition of A. G. Todd and others filed at the last regular term of this court came on for further hearing and it appearing that said petition was signed by more than the legal voters and tax payers residing in the proposed graded common school district, and was approved by the County Superintendent of schools and the trustees in the districts named below. It is now ordered that said proposed graded common school district be fixed to embrace the same boundary as is embraced in the East Columbia School District No. 1, and West Columbia School District No. 36 which is as follows, viz:

Beginning at Bud Vaughan place on the Columbia and the Jamestown road and including his land, thence to and including the Milt Judd place, thence to and including the Conover farm now owned by Scott Montgomery, thence to Russell creek at the nearest point, thence down same to the mouth of Sulphur Creek, thence to and including the J. N. Murrell place, thence to the mouth of Disappointment Creek, thence to and including the old Ingram farm, thence to and including J. W. Hurt, thence to and including the Alvin Brown Branch, thence down Russell Creek to and including the Cook farm, thence to and including W. T. McFarland farm, thence to the Greensburg road, thence to and including G. B. Smith, thence to and including R. R. Conover, thence to and including Sylvester Bennett, thence to and including the Scott Montgomery farm, thence to and including Ole Conover, thence to the Bud Vaughan place, the beginning.

It is now ordered that an election be held in said proposed common school district on Saturday, the 28th day of November, 1908, for the purpose of taking the sense of the legal white voters in said proposed common school district upon the proposition whether or not they will vote an annual tax of forty cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property assessed in the said proposed graded common school district belonging to said white voters or corporations and a poll tax of one dollar per capita on each white male inhabitant over twenty years of age residing in the said proposed graded common school district, for the purpose of maintaining a graded common school in said proposed graded common school district, and for erecting, purchasing, leasing and repairing suitable buildings therefor if necessary. The Sheriff is ordered and directed to open a poll in said proposed graded common school district and hold said election first giving notice of same as required by law, and he will at the same time open a poll and hold an election for the election by said voters of five trustees for said proposed graded common school district.

A copy. Attest, T. R. Stults, Clerk.
By M. E. Stults, D. C.

In obedience to the foregoing order I will on November 28, 1908, between the hours of 7 a. m. and 4 p. m., in the Court house in Columbia, Ky., cause the poll to be opened and an election held for purposes named in the foregoing order. Witness my hand, this October 19, 1908.
W. B. Patterson, Sheriff of Adair county.

From Arizona.

Editor News:

So far as I have seen I am very well pleased with Phoenix, and the surrounding country known as the Salt River Valley, but of course I have not been here long enough to view the situation from all sides. The climate is delightful, and the soil very fertile. All farming is done by irrigation, and with an abundant water supply this valley is destined to be a great country.

Land is very high and advancing rapidly. Hardly any land under cultivation can be bought for less than one hundred fifty dollars per acre, and from that to five hundred, owing to location and improvements.

There are many health seekers here, and many others who are seeking to escape the rigors of the Northern and Eastern

winters. Owing to this fact living is higher here than in our part of Kentucky.

There is a mixed population here of Whites, Blacks, Indians, Mexicans, Chinese &c., but so far as I have seen they all seem to be getting along peaceably.

If I learn something of the country that I think will be of interest to your readers I may write again.

With good will to all and malice to none, I am

Sincerely Yours,

T. B. Lyon.

Pellyton.

Farmers are busy gathering their corn.

Mr. — Harrison, of Taylor county, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. R. T. Jones, at this place, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Jones and daughter, Miss Cora, were visiting Mrs. Fannie Ford, of the Luttrell's Creek community, last Sunday.

Your reporter and T. W. Hardin were at Liberty last Tuesday and Wednesday.

Rev. Leslie Botton, of Knifley, delivered an able sermon at this place last Saturday night. He was on his way to Dunnville where he will begin a revival meeting.

Uncle Tom Rubarts and Jas. Pendleton, of Luttrell's Creek, will leave for Missouri this week.

W. O. Pelley and John W. Corneal were in Columbia one day last week.

Rev. T. F. Barber, who has been the pastor of the Methodist church at this place for the past year, left for Allen county last Thursday where he will probably take up work for the next year.

Mrs. J. M. Campbell is improving.

Prof. R. R. Moss, of Columbia, was here last Saturday and Sunday. His wife, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. J. M. Campbell, for the past two weeks accompanied him on his return home Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. J. H. Pelley and her son, James, of Columbia, passed through here last Sunday enroute to Liberty and Hustonville to visit relatives.

The Guessing Begins.

New York, November 7.—A communication to the editor of the World gives "some probabilities in connection with Taft's election," as follows:

1. A second term.
2. Chief Justice Fuller to be succeeded by Senator Knox.
3. Governor Fort to be one of the coming Associate Justices of the Supreme Court or Attorney-General.
4. Senator Lodge to be Secretary of State.
5. Root to be Minister to England.

6. Roosevelt to succeed Senator Platt.

7. Hughes in time to succeed Senator Depew.

8. Woodruff to be taken care of either by a Cabinet position or first-class appointment abroad.

9. Roosevelt, at Taft's suggestion, to extend a cordial invitation to Bryan to accompany him to Africa, for health rest and companionship.

Hunters are hereby notified to keep off my farm.
J. N. Marrell

News Items.

The Mtnfordville flouring mill and a car-load of wheat burned at Mtnfordville.

Two men and a child were killed and a third man was fatally shot in a raid on an alleged "blind tiger" in Birmingham Ala.

Six workmen were killed and one was fatally injured in an explosion at the Wisconsin Central roundhouse at Superior, Wis.

John G. Young, aged 65, a prominent farmer of Trimble county, committed suicide by blowing his brains out with a shot gun. Bad health is assigned as the cause.

Drouth has become serious in the northern tier of Kentucky counties. Scarcely any rain has fallen in the past six months. Water for drinking purposes has become a commodity. Only beast of burden are being retained by the farmers.

A bottle of whiskey was recently sold for \$30 at Ohakune, N. Z., which is 40 miles from the nearest saloon. One man bought two large "nips" for \$5 each, and the remaining contents of the bottle were put up for auction and knocked down for \$20.

Mrs. Ada Henry Van Pelt, formerly of Louisville, now a residents of Los Angeles, has invented a device to make the use of governing flywheels on steam engines unnecessary. The device is said to have been hailed by engineers as altogether practicable.

While engaged in painting the Ohio Valley electric railway bridge across the Big Sandy river near Catlettsburg, Jas. Malcom came in contact with a high tension wire carrying 12,000 volts, and was hurled at the water 96 feet below, and never knowing what struck him.

The suggestion that William Jennings Bryan be appointed to the position of Chancellor of the University of Nebraska, made vacant by the death of Chancellor E. A. Andrews, finds general acceptance and it is expected to have been approached.

The warehouse belonging to Samuel's distillery, Nelson county, was destroyed by fire. The warehouse contained about 150 barrels of whisky, the property of Distillery Co. The loss is estimated at \$40,000 and is covered by insurance.

How is Yours?

Mrs. Mary Dowling, Ave., San Francisco, has a remedy for stomach troubles. "Gratitude for the Electric Bitters in a suggestion, prompts me to am fully convinced that liver troubles Electric Bitters is the best remedy on the market. This great tonic and cine invigorates the blood and is especially forms of female weakness. Paul's drug store.

Do not be deceived that if your fowls are they can be easily cured. A genuine rump, when once seated, is a very difficult disease to eradicate, but it is a very easy matter to avoid it. Keep the hen house dry by allowing free ventilation and avoid allowing the hens to roost in a draft.

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"For fifteen years I have watched the working of Beeklen's Arnica Salve; and it has never failed to cure any sore, boil, ulcer or burn to which it was applied. It has saved us many a doctor bill," says A. F. Hardy, of East Wilton, Maine. 25c. at Paul's drug store.

